

# **NOAA**FISHERIES

## **West Coast Merger & Status of Recovery Planning**

**Charlotte Ambrose** 

Salmon & Steelhead Recovery Coordinator
North Central California Coast Recovery Domain
NOAA Fisheries, West Coast Region
Santa Rosa, California

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## **NOAA Fisheries West Coast Merger**

## The Merging of Oregon, Washington, Oregon, and Idaho with California

- October 1, 2013 NOAA Northwest & Southwest formally merged into a single region
  - Merging of States and Protected Resources and Habitat Conservation Divisions

## New Title: West Coast Region

- Administration's FY13 Budget Proposal & Congressional Direction
  - Satisfy budget cuts of \$3 million for NOAA Fisheries
    - All field offices remain in place
    - Eliminated several upper management positions
      - Divisions Reorganized

West Coast Region
Branch Offices
Sustainable Fisheries
New Protected Resources (Marine)
Operations & Management
Communications



## NOAA Fisheries West Coast Region



### Regional Leadership

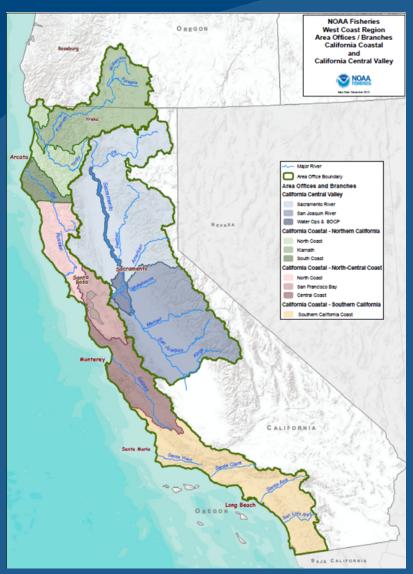
William Stelle, Regional Administrator (RA), WA
Barry Thom, Deputy RA, Oregon
Donna Darm, Associated Deputy RA, Oregon

### **Four Branch Offices**

Interior Columbia Basin
Oregon & Washington Coast
California Central Coast
Central Valley

Each Branch Office has an Assistant Regional Administrator (ARA) who reports to Donna Darm

## NOAA Fisheries West Coast Region: CA



#### California Coastal Branch

Coastal Streams from Oregon to Mexican Border

ARA: Irma Lagomarsino Arcata – Branch Office

Santa Rosa – Field Office Joyce Ambrosius, Acting Supervisor

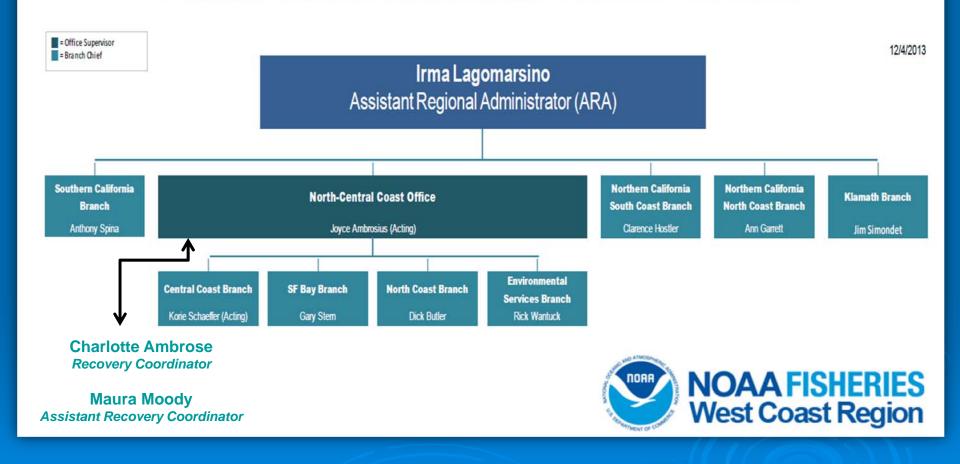
Long Beach – Field Office Anthony Spina, Supervisor

**Central Valley Branch Central Valley Streams** 

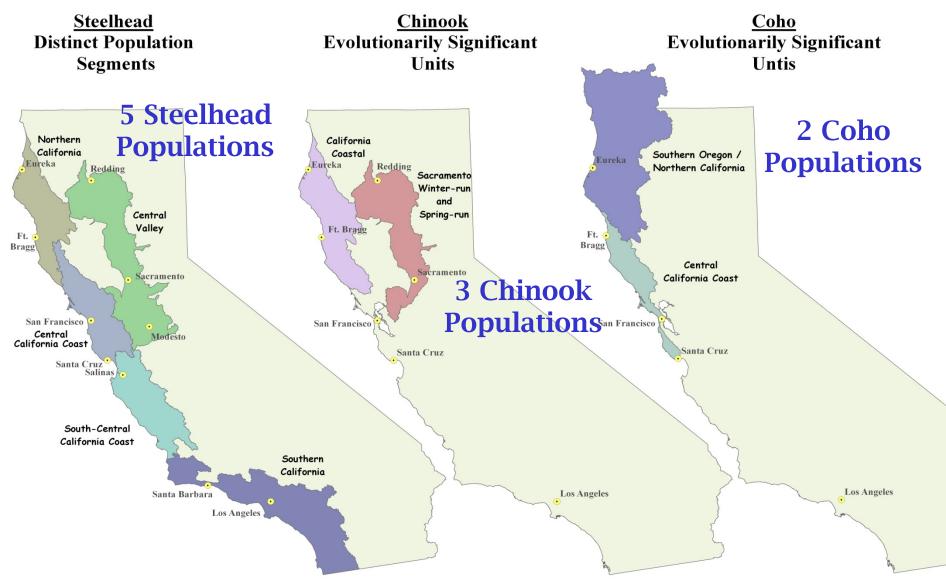
ARA: Maria Rea
Sacramento – Branch Office



## **California Coastal Area Office**



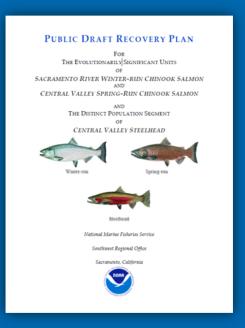


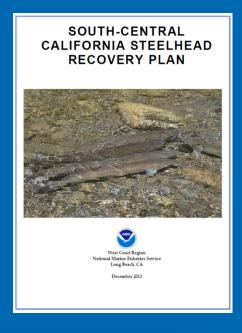


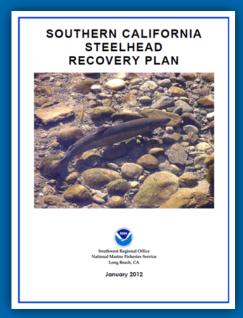
10 Species of Salmon and Steelhead Listed as Federally Threatened or Endangered in California

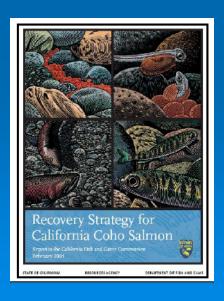
A Federal Plan for their recovery must be developed for all 10

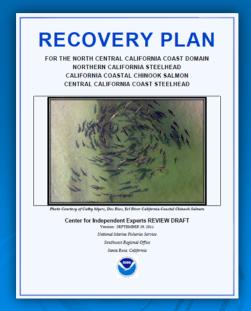
## **STATE & FEDERAL RECOVERY PLANS**

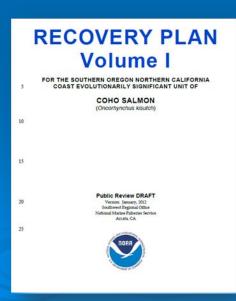












# North Central Coast Recovery Planning

#### Salmon & Steelhead:

Northern California Steelhead

**California Coastal Chinook Salmon** 

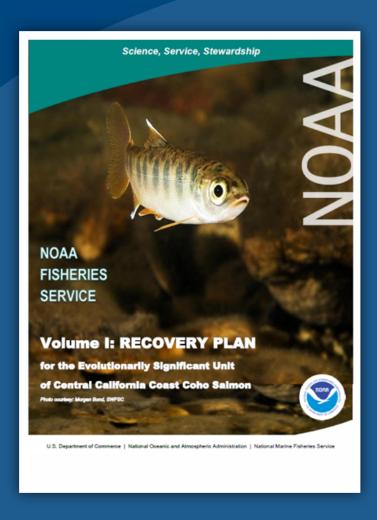
**Central California Coast Coho Salmon** 

**Central California Coast Steelhead** 





# North Central Coast Recovery Planning



## **RECOVERY PLAN**

#### NORTH CENTRAL CALIFORNIA COAST RECOVERY DOMAIN

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA STEELHEAD
CALIFORNIA COASTAL CHINOOK SALMON
CENTRAL CALIFORNIA COAST STEELHEAD



Photo Courtesy of Cathy Myers, Dos Rios, Eel River California Coastal Chinook Salmon

#### CO-MANAGER REVIEW DRAFT

Version: February 14, 2014

National Marine Fisheries Service

West Coast Region

Santa Rosa, California



## **CCC Steelhead 2009 Statement of Understanding**





Statements of Understanding Central California Coast Steelhead Recovery Program

#### Background

This informal and non-binding document entitled Statements of Understanding (SOU) is between the National Marine Fisheries Service, Santa Rosa Office of the Southwest Region (NMFS), and local public agencies (Agencies). The purpose of the SOU is to set forth how the Agencies will -

Californi Plan F the .

recovery mitigation measures into their future plans for capital expenditure, maintenance, and operations, and (b) consider how to collaborate amongst themselves and with other stakeholders to move restoration forward efficiently in priority streams.

- 3. Development of the Plan includes at least two important steps: (a) obtain and analyze siteor reach-specific critical data, and (b) with that data NMFS shall develop a series of strategies that, when implemented, will effectively and reasonably contribute to the recovery of CCC steelhead.
- 6. It is of benefit to both the Agencies and NMFS that a competent and knowledgeable person or consulting firm (a) coordinate the collection of data from the Agencies, NGOs and other sources; (b) compile it in a uniform manner consistent with current methods used by NMFS: and (c) assist the Agencies and NGOs in discussions and other efforts regarding recovery strategies. NMFS already has engaged the services of the Sonoma Ecology Center to assist in gathering data for the development of the Plan.
- The Agencies may engage the services of an individual or organization with significant experience in CCC steelhead recovery to facilitate the gathering and application of data to support an effective collaboration amongst the signatories.
- 8. Other Federal and state agencies that may participate in the development of the Recovery Plan include, but are not limited to, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, California Department of Fish and Game, State Water Resources Control Board, San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board, and the California State Coastal Conservancy.
- 9. The Agencies will attempt to ensure the participation of other entities that are located within the Central California Coast Evolutionary Significant Unit (ESU) so that data collected and strategy recommendations provided address as much of the ESU as possible.
- 10. The activities and milestones that can be expected during the development of the Steelhead Recovery Plan include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - a. Meet to exchange ideas for the development of the work program. b. Convene joint workshop for Agencies, NGOs and others.
- e. Agencies increase participation of entities across the range of CCC steelhead. d. NMFS provides Agencies with information on data needs and processing methods. Agencies will submit data in a format standardized and compatible with NMFS' recovery planning methods.
- e. NMFS analyzes data and will provide Agencies with relevant findings. f Agencies provide informal individual comments and suggestions for consideration by
- g. NMFS prepares draft strategies.
- NMFS prepares draft Plan
- NMFS provides Agencies with draft Plan during co-manager review.

## **CCC** Steelhead Statement of Understanding



2	21		
Russell Strach, Assistant Regional Administrator NOAA's National Marine Fisheries Southwest Region, California  Date: May 2009  Date: May 2009	r Agency  Julia R. Bueren, Chief Engineer  Contra Costa County Flood Control & W	Water Conse: Michael A. Gatzman, Executive Officer Alameda County Resource Conservation District	Chos Offabriele Chris DeGabriele, General Manager
min a AVI	Date: Feb 23,2010	Date: 07-23-1/	North Marin Water District
Jill Duferig, General Manager Zone 7 Water Agency  Date: 12 Max 2009  Date: 10 Date:	Daniel Woldesenbet, Ph.D., P.E. General Manager Alameda County Flood Control & Water	Janet Olave Mendocino County Resource Conservation District	Date: 11/3/2010
In In .	Conservation District	1101	steelhead recovery planning will be ne vision of developing plans that (1) are
Dennis Diemer, General Manager	eigh Sharp, Executive Director lapa County Resource Conservation District	adaptation of str.  Additional goals a Builden Joak	Kara Hutert
Date: October 29, 2009	1/28/11 nGz	recommendations be recommendations of Gold Ridge Resource Conservation	
Beau Goldie Chief Executive Officer	Karen Christensen, Executive Director Resource Conservation District of Santa Cruz County  Na Mi	L Crnold  J. Executive Director  Winder the Endance	11/22/2011
Santa Clara Valley Water District	0 11410011	I, Executive Director  a Resource Conservation Dis  Lucan J. Udamo	Fered Shegies
Date: 3-4-10		Susan Adams; President of the Marin County Board of  Page 16, 2011  Date: 1-15-301	Jack Batchelor, Chairman of the Board of Directors
Paul Helliker, General Manager	James C Porter, Director San Mateo County Department of Public Works  **It is to to the public Works**  **Table Public Works**	the benefit of Hay Serydain	Date
Marin Municipal Water District	Date: 11-21-11 Log h	Harry Seraydarian, Executive Director North Bay Watershed Association	take in the outcome of
Date: March 15, 2010	L ·	ion District Officer Junisdictions so they can (a) more	
Malu St	Landtate	Click Sheet	Pat O'Brien, General Manager East Bay Regional Park District
Mark Stone, Chairman		Leigh Sharp, Executive Director	— Date: 4-20-10
County of Santa Cruz Board of Supervisor	San Francisquito Creek Joint Powers Author	Napa County Resource Conservation Distr	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
Date: 12/12/11	Date: 8 10 2011	Date 11 28/11	By: <u>SedCtachuse</u> Ted C. Radosevich, District Counsel

# Multispecies Recovery Plan

Northern California Steelhead, California Coastal Chinook & Central California Coast Steelhead

Initiated in 2009

Draft Plan for Review by SOU Partners in 2011

Overlapping jurisdictions with Arcata Office

Working on Consistency/Revisions

Submitted 2014 Draft to Arcata February 14<sup>th</sup> (2014)
Revise and distribute to co-managers and SOU partners May 2014
Public review draft expected in late Fall/early Winter 2014



## Multispecies Recovery Plan

56 watersheds for CCC steelhead recovery

Priority Restoration Activities:

- Passage
- Water Quality
- Floodplain reconnection
  - Stream complexity





56 watersheds for CCC steelhead recovery

Criteria for recovery includes:

Adults spawner targets

Improving conditions

Reducing future threats

Implementation of recovery actions

					RA 6-12
Diversity Strata	CCC Steelhead Populations	Independent/ Dependen	Linear Miles	CAP Current Spawner	Spawners/IP-km Abundance
		Dependen			
Coastal S.F. Bay	Corte Madera Creek		27.2	800	
Coastal S.F. Bay	Guadalupe River	I D	47.4	1500	
Coastal S.F. Bay	Miller Creek (Marin Co.)		14.9	000	65.2 - 132.4
Coastal S.F. Bay	Novato Creek	1	35.0	900	
Coastal S.F. Bay	San Francisco Bay Estuary	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Coastal S.F. Bay	San Francisquito Creek	<u> </u>	30.7	1000	
Coastal S.F. Bay	San Mateo Creek	<u> </u>	7.9	400	43.96 - 89.92
Coastal S.F. Bay	Stevens Creek	I	13.2	400	
Interior	Crocker Creek	D .	4.6		25.0 - 52.0
Interior	Dry Creek	I	140.7	3000	
Interior	Gill Creek	D .	9.0		46.6 - 95.2
Interior	Maacama Creek	l	86.6	2400	
Interior	Mark West Creek	I	191.9	3300	
Interior	Miller Creek (Russian)	D	3.4		16.6 - 35.2
Interior	Sausal Creek	D	12.0		64.6 - 131.2
Interior	Upper Russian River	I	409.4	8500	
Interior S.F. Bay	Alameda Creek	I	169.5	3200	
Interior S.F. Bay	Codornices Creek	D	N/A	N/A	N/A
Interior S.F. Bay	Coyote Creek	I	38.0	1200	
Interior S.F. Bay	Green Valley/Suisun Creek	I	117.1	2500	
Interior S.F. Bay	Napa River	I	286.5	4600	
Interior S.F. Bay	Petaluma River	ı	125.6	2800	
Interior S.F. Bay	Pinole Creek	D	N/A	N/A	N/A
Interior S.F. Bay	San Leandro Creek	I	8.1		35.8 - 73.6
Interior S.F. Bay	San Lorenzo Creek	I	21.9		107.2 - 216.4
Interior S.F. Bay	San Pablo Creek	D	14.3		58.4 - 118.8
Interior S.F. Bay	Sonoma Creek	I	173.4	3200	
Interior S.F. Bay	Wildcat Creek	D	N/A	N/A	N/A
North Coastal	Americano Creek	I	51.1		210.4 - 422.8
North Coastal	Austin Creek	I	90.5	2800	)
North Coastal	Drakes Bay	D	15.1	15.1	15.1
North Coastal	Dutch Bill Creek	D	15.5		77.2 - 156.4
North Coastal	Freezeout Creek	D	1.7		5.2 - 12.4
North Coastal	Green Valley Creek	I	30.0	1000	)
North Coastal	Hulbert Creek	D	12.7		59.2 - 120.4
North Coastal	Lagunitas Creek	I	72.6	1900	
North Coastal	Pine Gulch	D	12.7		56.2 - 114.4
North Coastal	Porter Creek	D	11.7		59.8 - 121.6
North Coastal	Redwood Creek (Marin Co.)	D	8.0		38.2 - 78.4
North Coastal	Salmon Creek	I	40.1	1300	
North Coastal	Sheephouse Creek	D	4.8		20.2 - 42.4
North Coastal	Walker Creek	I	69.8	1900	
North Coastal	Willow Creek	D	10.6		47.2 - 96.4
Santa Cruz Mountains	Aptos Creek	I	31.0	1100	
Santa Cruz Mountains	Gazos Creek	D	13.2		73.0 - 148.0
Santa Cruz Mountains	Laguna Creek	l .	12.3		71.2 - 144.4
Santa Cruz Mountains	Pescadero Creek	1	79.3	2200	
Santa Cruz Mountains	Pilarcitos Creek	l	34.6	1100	
Santa Cruz Mountains	San Gregorio Creek	!	64.1	1900	
Santa Cruz Mountains	San Lorenzo River	I	173.2	3200	
Santa Cruz Mountains	San Pedro Creek	D	N/A	N/A	N/A
Santa Cruz Mountains	San Vicente Creek	D	4.5	70	32.2 - 66.4
Santa Cruz Mountains	Scott Creek	l I	18.6	700	
Santa Cruz Mountains	Soquel Creek	I	53.5	1900	
Santa Cruz Mountains	Tunitas Creek	D	11.7	F0/	62.2 - 126.4
Santa Cruz Mountains	Waddell Creek	I	14.4	500	J





2013 Marked the 40<sup>th</sup> Anniversary of the Federal Endangered Species Act



## The Federal Endangered Species Act (ESA)

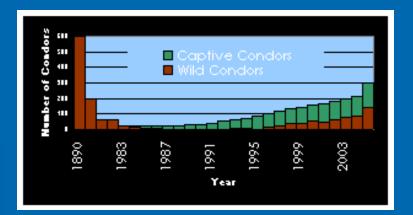
- -Enacted by Congress and signed into law December 28, 1973 by President Nixon
- -Established to "safeguard the Nation's natural heritage by conserving species in danger of extinction for the enjoyment and benefit of current and future generations."



"From the most narrow possible point of view, it is in the best interest of mankind to minimize the losses of genetic variations. The reason is simple: they are potential resources. They are the keys to puzzles which we cannot solve, and may provide answers to questions which we have not yet learned to ask."

U.S. House of Representatives, 1973, when enacting the Endangered Species Act





# The California Condor

- 1986: 22 Condors in the wild
- Captive breeding contemplated
- Opponents to captive breeding said "it would change species habits and the cost was too great".
- Today with the captive program approved, the total Condor population is 400 with 200 thriving and breeding in the wild for the first time in 100 years

## The Bald Eagle

American Bald Eagle

Pairs in the lower 48





Early 18<sup>th</sup> Century 300,000 to 500,000

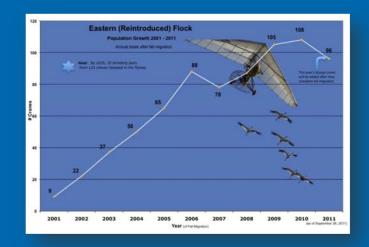
1950's: 412 Nesting Pairs in the 48 contiguous USA

Banned DDT
Increased Public Awareness
Captive Breeding Programs
Law Enforcement
Habitat Protection

ESA Listed: 1967 Delisted: 2007



# The Whooping Crane









1941: 15 cranes in the wild

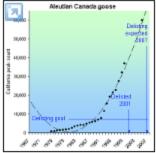
Outlandish idea to raise chicks in captivity using crane costumes and fly them on their historical migration route with an ultralight.

1,200 mile route across 7 states (WI; IL; KY; TN; AL; GA; FL) and ~30 stopover sites

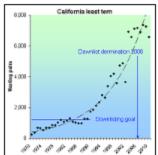
2011 marked a decade of Operation Migration

Today: 300 Wild + 150 Captive = 450 cranes in North America

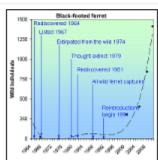




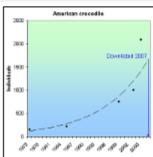






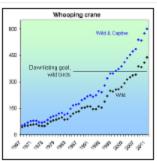




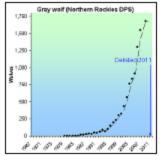


## 40 Years of the ESA

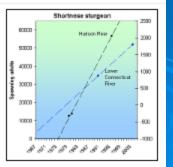


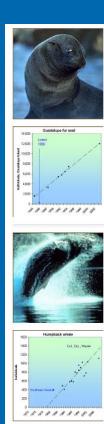




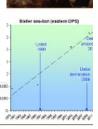




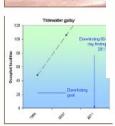




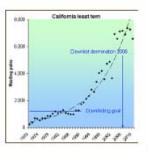




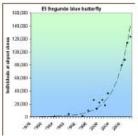




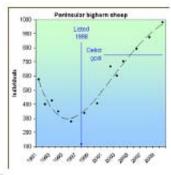




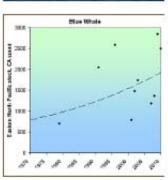




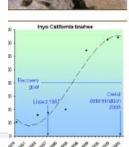




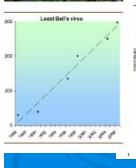




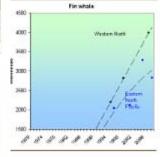




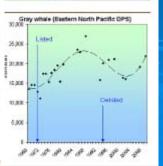




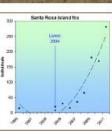




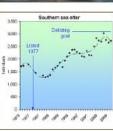














ESA001-00544

Image © Joel Sartore →1 402 474 1006 www.joelsartore.com All rights reserved

THIS IS A PHOTOGRAPH OF THE LAST DUSKY SEASIDE SPARROW. HE WAS CALLED "ORANGE" AND he died alone in a cage at Disney World in Orlando, Florida. When he and his brothers were removed from the wild, they were listed as endangered, lived in critical habitat, and received the protection of the "most powerful environmental law" in the United States. These protections did not prevent the Dusky seaside sparrow from ending up only as a specimen in a museum.

#### This is what extinction looks like.

We cannot point to a single action that, by itself, caused the Dusky seaside sparrow's extinction. Instead, it was the accumulation of thousands of small decisions, of thousands of individual acts that slowly, incrementally destroyed or degraded the sparrow's habitat, causing the population to decline in response. In the three decades that have passed since Orange and his brothers were removed from the wild, we are no better at protecting species from the thousands of small decisions and individual acts that accumulated to cause Orange to spend eternity in a jar.

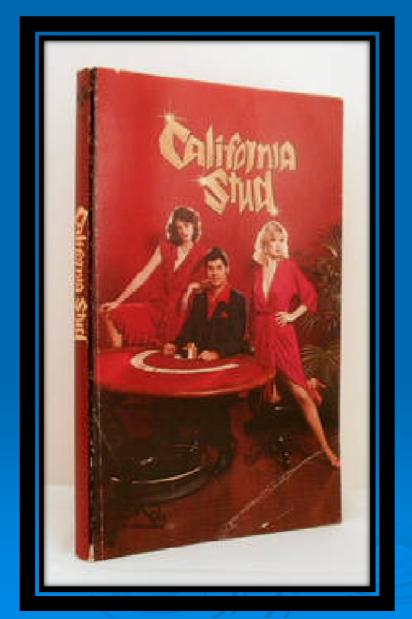
Whether you work on listing, recovery planning, cooperative agreements, research permits, HCPs, habitat conservation, habitat restoration, sanctuary management, technical assistance, legal counsel, or public outreach, you are united by a common purpose: ensure that no new species require the protections of the ESA and, if they require those protections, ensure they are restored to health so they do not end up like the small bird you see in this photograph.

For the sake of our children and their children's children, I hope you fare well.

It has been an honor to serve with you,

craig

# People Like...



**Saving Steelhead: From the Homeless** 













## Saving Salmon & Steelhead









# People Like...

"A lot to CHEER About"... A Lot To Be Hopeful For...

Herman Garcia, Raul Rivas, Bob Brem and others from CHEER

Father Edward Fitz-Henry from San Juan Bautistia blessing the fish after recent rains filled the creeks allowing them to spawn.





Great grandmother, father, grandfather & daughter of Charlotte Ambrose

Within the living memories of California's elders are vivid accounts of salmon and steelhead in staggering abundance...

